

Low Current Seven Segment Displays

Technical Data

HDSP-335X Series HDSP-555X Series HDSP-751X Series HDSP-A10X Series HDSP-A80X Series HDSP-E10X Series HDSP-F10X Series HDSP-G10X Series HDSP-H10X Series HDSP-K12X, K70X Series HDSP-N10X Series

Features

- Low Power Consumption
- Industry Standard Size
- Industry Standard Pinout
- Choice of Character Size 7.6 mm (0.30 in), 10 mm (0.40 in), 10.9 mm (0.43 in), 14.2 mm (0.56 in), 20 mm (0.80 in)
- Choice of Colors

 AlGaAs Red, High Efficiency
 Red (HER), Yellow, Green
- Excellent Appearance Evenly Lighted Segments ± 50° Viewing Angle
- Design Flexibility
 Common Anode or Common
 Cathode
 Single and Dual Digit
 Left and Right Hand Decimal
 Points
 ± 1. Overflow Character
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity

Yellow and Green Categorized for Color Use of Like Categories Yields a Uniform Display

• Excellent for Long Digit String Multiplexing

Description

These low current seven segment displays are designed for applications requiring low power consumption. They are tested and selected for their excellent low current characteristics to ensure that the segments are matched at low currents. Drive currents as low as 1 mA per segment are available.

Pin for pin equivalent displays are also available in a standard current or high light ambient design. The standard current displays are available in all colors and are ideal for most applications. The high light ambient displays are ideal for sunlight ambients or long string lengths. For additional information see the 7.6 mm Micro Bright Seven Segment Displays, 10 mm Seven Segment Displays, 7.6 mm/10.9 mm Seven Segment Displays, 14.2 mm Seven Segment Displays, 20 mm Seven Segment Displays, or High Light Ambient Seven Segment Displays data sheets.



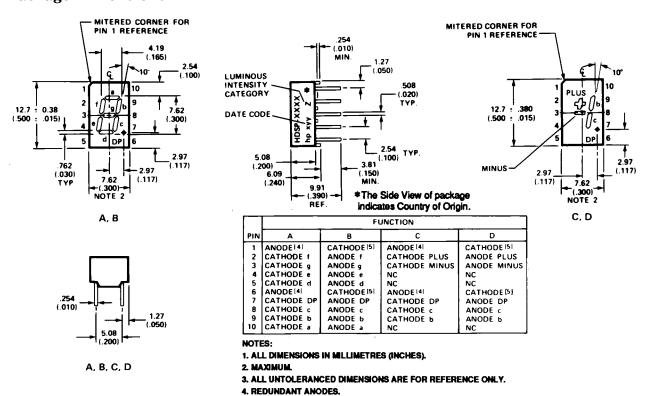
Devices

AlGaAs HDSP-	HER HDSP-	Yellow HDSP-	Green HDSP-	Description	Package Drawing
A101	7511	A801	A901	7.6 mm Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	A
A103	7513	A803	A903	7.6 mm Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	В
A107	7517	A807	A907	7.6 mm Common Anode ± 1. Overflow	C
A108	7518	A808	A908	7.6 mm Common Cathode ± 1. Overflow	D
F101				10 mm Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	Е
F103				10 mm Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	F
F107				10 mm Common Anode ± 1. Overflow	G
F108				10 mm Common Cathode ± 1. Overflow	Н
G101				10 mm Two Digit Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	X
G103				10 mm Two Digit Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	Y
E100	3350			10.9 mm Common Anode Left Hand Decimal	I
E101	3351			10.9 mm Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	J
E103	3353			10.9 mm Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	K
E106	3356			$10.9 \text{ mm Universal} \pm 1. \text{ Overflow}^{[1]}$	L
H101	5551			14.2 mm Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	M
H103	5553			14.2 mm Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	N
H107	5557			14.2 mm Common Anode ± 1. Overflow	O
H108	5558			14.2 mm Common Cathode ± 1. Overflow	P
K121	K701			14.2 mm Two Digit Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	R
K123	K703			14.2 mm Two Digit Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	S
N100				20 mm Common Anode Left Hand Decimal	Q
N101				20 mm Common Anode Right Hand Decimal	T
N103				20 mm Common Cathode Right Hand Decimal	U
N105				20 mm Common Cathode Left Hand Decimal	V
N106				$20 \text{ mm Universal} \pm 1. \text{ Overflow}^{[1]}$	W

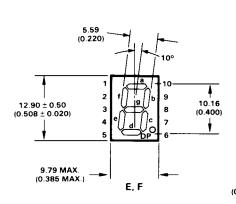
Note:

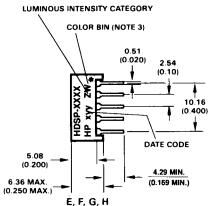
 $1.\ Universal\ pinout\ brings\ the\ anode\ and\ cathode\ of\ each\ segment's\ LED\ out\ to\ separate\ pins.\ See\ internal\ diagrams\ L\ or\ W.$

Package Dimensions

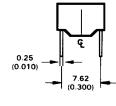


5. REDUNDANT CATHODES.

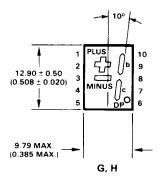




* The Side View of package indicates Country of Origin.



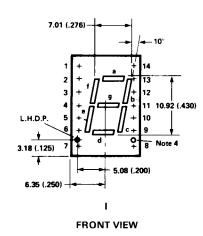
E, F, G, H

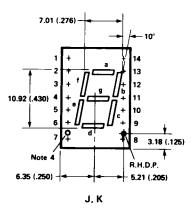


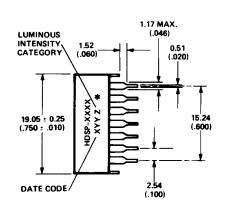
	FUNCTION							
PIN	E	F	G	н				
1	ANODE 4	CATHODE(0)	ANODE ^{4]}	CATHODE[*]				
2	CATHODE f	ANODE f	CATHODE PLUS	ANODE PLUS				
3	CATHODE g	ANODE g	CATHODE MINUS	ANODE MINUS				
4	CATHODE •	ANODE .	NC	NC				
5	CATHODE d	ANODE d	NC	NC				
6	ANODE ⁽⁴⁾	CATHODE(*)	ANODE(4)	CATHODE(*)				
7	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP				
8	CATHODE c	ANODE c	CATHODE c	ANODE c				
9	CATHODE b	ANODE b	CATHODE b	ANODE b				
10	CATHODE a	ANODE a	NC	NC				

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).
- 2. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 3. FOR YELLOW AND GREEN SERIES PRODUCT ONLY.
- 4. REDUNDANT ANODES.
- 5. REDUNDANT CATHODES.



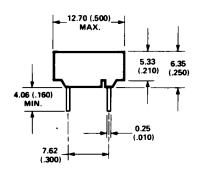




FRONT VIEW

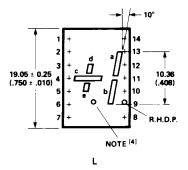
SIDE VIEW





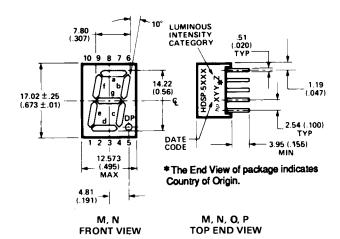
END VIEW

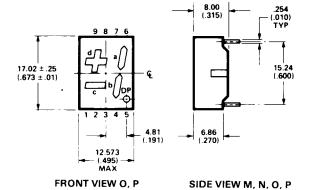
	FUNCTION							
PIN	_	J	к	L				
1	CATHODE-a	CATHODE-a	ANODE a	CATHODE-d				
2	CATHODE f	CATHODE f	ANODE f	ANODE-d				
3	ANODE [3]	ANODE[3]	CATHODE 6	NO PIN				
4	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	CATHODE-c				
5	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	CATHODE:e				
6	CATHODE-dp	NO CONN.[5]	NO CONN.[5]	ANODE-e				
7	CATHODE-e	CATHODE-e	ANODE-e	ANODE-c				
8	CATHODE d	CATHODE-d	ANODE-d	ANODE-dp				
9	NO CONN. [5]	CATHODE-dp	ANODE-dp	CATHODE-dp				
10	CATHODE-c	CATHODE-c	ANODE-c	CATHODE-b				
11	CATHODE g	CATHODE-g	ANODE-g	CATHODE a				
12	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN				
13	CATHODE-b	CATHODE-b	ANODE-b	ANODE a				
14	ANODE [3]	ANODE [3]	CATHODE [6]	ANODE-b				



HOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).
- 2. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 3. REDUNDANT ANODES.
- 4. UNUSED dp POSITION.
- 5. SEE INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.
- 6. REDUNDANT CATHODES.
- 7. SEE PART NUMBER TABLE FOR L.H.D.P. AND R.H.D.P. DESIGNATION.

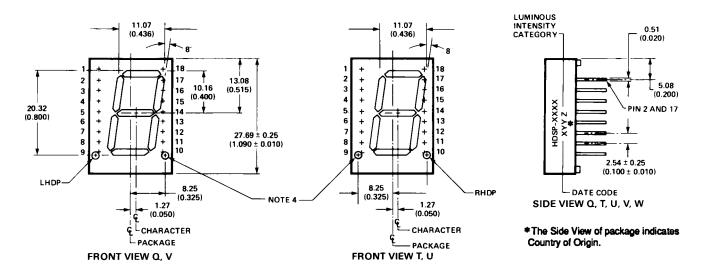


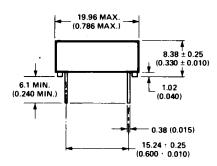


	FUNCTION										
PIN	M N		0	P							
1	CATHODE e	ANODE e	CATHODE c	ANODE c							
2	CATHODE d	ANODE d	ANODE c. d	CATHODE c. d							
3	ANODE[4]	CATHODE[5]	CATHODE b	ANODE b							
4	CATHODE c	ANODE c	ANODE a, b, DP	CATHODE a, b, DP							
5	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP	CATHODE DP	ANODE DP							
6	CATHODE b	ANODE b	CATHODE a	ANODE a							
7	CATHODE a	ANODE a	ANODE a, b, DP	CATHODE a, b, DP							
8	ANODEI4	CATHODE[5]	ANODE c. d	CATHODE c, d							
9	CATHODE f	ANODE f	CATHODE d	ANODE d							
10	CATHODE g	ANODE g	NO PIN	NO PIN							

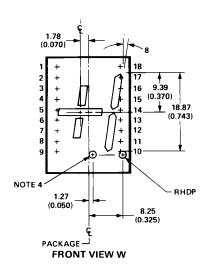
NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).
- 2. MAXIMUM.
- 3. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 4. REDUNDANT ANODES.
- 5. REDUNDANT CATHODES.





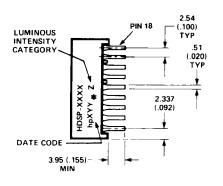
END VIEW Q, T, U, V, W



	Function									
Pin	α	т	U	v	w					
1	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN					
2	CATHODE a	CATHODE a	ANODE a	ANODE a	CATHODE a					
3	CATHODE f	CATHODE f	ANODE f	ANODE f	ANODE d					
4	ANODE [3]	ANODE ^[3]	CATHODE [6]	CATHODE 161	CATHODE d					
5	CATHODE e	CATHODE e	ANODE e	ANODE e	CATHODE c					
6	ANODE 3	ANODE [3]	CATHODE 61	CATHODE 161	CATHODE e					
7	CATHODE dp	NO. CONNEC.	NO. CONNEC.	ANODE dp	ANODE e					
8	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	CATHODE dp					
9	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN					
10	NO PIN	CATHODE dp	ANODE dp	NO PIN	ANODE dp					
11	CATHODE d	CATHODE d	ANODE d	ANODE d	CATHODE dp					
12	ANODE ^[3]	ANODE[3]	CATHODE 61	CATHODE 6	CATHODE b					
13	CATHQDE c	CATHODE c	ANODE c	ANODE c	ANODE b					
14	CATHODE g	CATHODE g	ANODE g	ANODE g	ANODE c					
15	CATHODE b	CATHODE b	ANODE b	ANODE b	ANODE a					
16	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN					
17	ANODE[3]	ANODE ^[3]	CATHODE (6)	CATHODE ^[6]	CATHODE a					
18	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN	NO PIN					

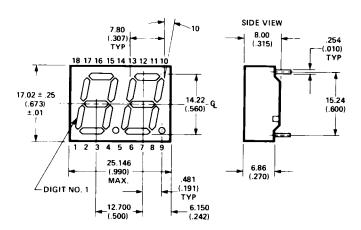
NOTES:

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- 2. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 3. REDUNDANT ANODES.
- 4. UNUSED dp POSITION.
- 5. SEE INTERNAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.
- 6. REDUNDANT CATHODES.
- 7. SEE PART NUMBER TABLE FOR L.H.D.P. AND R.H.D.P. DESIGNATION.

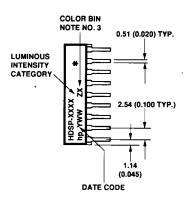


TOP END VIEW R, S

*The Side View of package indicates Country of Origin.

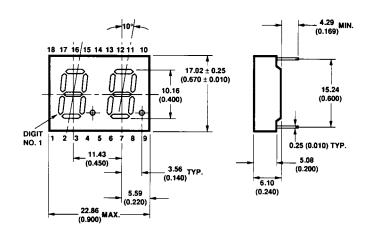


FRONT VIEW R, S



TOP END VIEW X, Y

*The Side View of package indicates Country of Origin.



FRONT VIEW X, Y

	Function						
Pin	R,X	S,Y					
1	E CATHODE NO. 1	E ANODE NO. 1					
2	D CATHODE NO. 1	D ANODE NO. 1					
3	C CATHODE NO. 1	C ANODE NO. 1					
4	DP CATHODE NO. 1	DP ANODE NO. 1					
5	E CATHODE NO. 2	E ANODE NO. 2					
6	D CATHODE NO. 2	D ANODE NO. 2					
7	G CATHODE NO. 2	G ANODE NO. 2					
8	C CATHODE NO. 2	C ANODE NO. 2					
9	DP CATHODE NO. 2	DP ANODE NO. 2					
10	B CATHODE NO. 2	B ANODE NO. 2					
11	A CATHODE NO. 2	A ANODE NO .2					
12	F CATHODE NO. 2	F ANODE NO. 2					
13	DIGIT NO. 2 ANODE	DIGIT NO. 2 CATHODE					
14	DIGIT NO. 1 ANODE	DIGIT NO. 1 CATHODE					
15	B CATHODE NO. 1	B ANODE NO. 1					
16	A CATHODE NO. 1	A ANODE NO. 1					
17	G CATHODE NO. 1	G ANODE NO. 1					
18	F CATHODE NO. 1	F ANODE NO. 1					

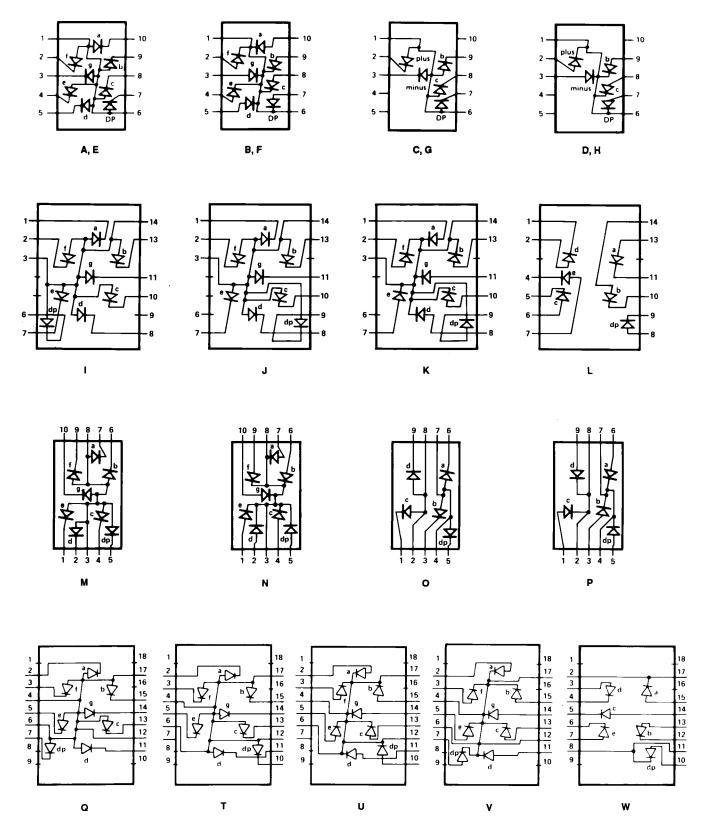
- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (INCHES).

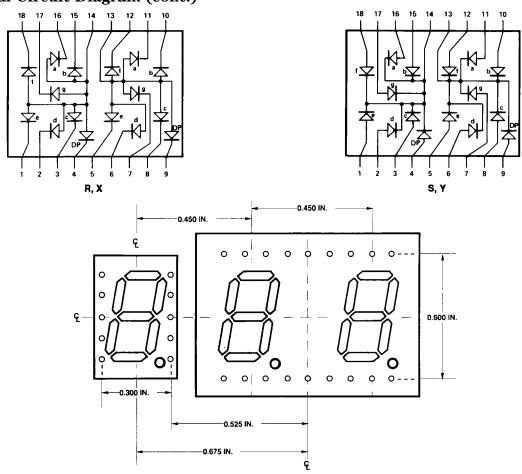
 2. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

 3. WHERE APPLICABLE.

Internal Circuit Diagram



Internal Circuit Diagram (cont.)



HOLE PATTERN FOR PCB LAYOUT TO ACHIEVE UNIFORM 0.450 In. DIGIT TO DIGIT PITCH. FOR HDSP-FXXX TO HDSP-GXXX.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Description	AlGaAs Red HDSP-A10X/E10X/ H10X/K12X/N10X/ F10X, G10X Series	HER HDSP-751X/ 335X/555X/ K70X Series	Yellow HDSP-A80X Series	Green HDSP-A90X Series	Units
Average Power per Segment or DP	37	5	2	64	mW
Peak Forward Current per Segment or DP	45				mA
DC Forward Current per Segment or DP	$15^{[1]}$	15[2]			
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +100	00 -40 to +100			
Storage Temperature Range		-55 to +1	00		°C
Reverse Voltage per Segment or DP	3.0				V
Lead Solder Temperature for 3 Seconds (1.60 mm [0.063 in.] below seating plane)	260				°C

Notes:

- 1. Derate above 91°C at 0.53 mA/°C.
 2. Derate HER/Yellow above 80°C at 0.38 mA/°C and Green above 71°C at 0.31 mA/°C.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 $^{\circ}{\rm C}$

AlGaAs Red

Device Series HDSP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
IIDSF-	rarameter	Symbol	315	600	Max.	Units	
A10X			319				$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
				3600			$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
F10X, G10X			330	650			$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
,				3900			$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$
E10X	Luminous Intensity/Segment ^[1,2]	I_{V}	390	650		μcd	$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
EIOX	(Digit Average)	IV.		3900		μεα	$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
111077 171077			400	700			$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
H10X, K12X				4200		-	$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
MION			270	590			$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
N10X				3500			$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$V_{ m F}$		1.6			$I_{\rm F} = 1 \text{ mA}$
				1.7		V	$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
				1.8	2.2		$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA Pk
All Devices	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		645		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	$\lambda_{ m d}$		637		nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP[4]	V_{R}	3.0	15		V	$I_R = 100 \text{ mA}$
	Temperature Coefficient of V_F /Segment or DP	ΔV_F /°C		-2 mV		mV/°C	
A10X				255			
F10X, G10X				320			
E10X				340			
H10X, K12X	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$		400		°C/W/Seg	
N10X				430			

High Efficiency Red

Device Series							
HDSP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
751X			160	270			$I_F = 2 \text{ mA}$
1011				1050			$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
	Luminous Intensity/Segment ^[1,2]	I_{V}	200	300		mcd	$I_F = 2 \text{ mA}$
335X, 555X,	(Digit Average)	IV		1200		nica	$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
K70X			270	370			$I_F = 2 \text{ mA}$
				1480			$I_{\rm F} = 5~{\rm mA}$
		$ m V_{F}$		1.6		V	$I_{\rm F} = 2 \text{ mA}$
	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP			1.7			$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
				2.1	2.5		$I_{\mathrm{F}} = 20 \; \mathrm{mA} \; \mathrm{Pk}$
All Devices	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		635		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3]	$\lambda_{ m d}$		626		nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^[4]	V_{R}	3.0	30		V	$I_R = 100 \text{ mA}$
	Temperature Coefficient of V_F /Segment or DP	ΔV_F /°C		-2		mV/°C	
751X				200			
335X	Thermal Resistance LED	$R\theta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		280		°C/W	
555X, K70X	Junction-to-Pin			345			

Yellow

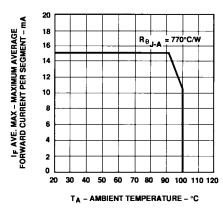
Device Series							
HDSP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	Luminous Intensity/Segment ^[1,2] (Digit Average)	$I_{ m V}$	250	420		mcd	$I_{\rm F} = 4 \text{ mA}$
	(Digit invertige)	IV.		1300		nicu	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
				1.7			$I_{\rm F} = 4 \text{ mA}$
A80X	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$ m V_{F}$		1.8		V	$I_{\rm F} = 5 \text{ mA}$
AOUA				2.1	2.5		$I_{\rm F}$ = 20 mA Pk
	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		583		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3,5]	$\lambda_{ m d}$	581.5	585	592.5	nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^[4]	V_{R}	3.0	30		V	$I_R = 100 \text{ mA}$
	Temperature Coefficient of $V_F/Segment \text{ or } DP$	$\Delta V_F/^{\circ}C$		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		200		°C/W	

Green

Device Series							
HDSP-	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
	Luminous Intensity/Segment ^[1,2] (Digit Average)	I_{V}	250	475		mcd	$I_F = 4 \text{ mA}$
	(Digit invitage)	10		1500		nica	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA}$
				1.9			$I_{\rm F} = 4 \text{ mA}$
A90X	Forward Voltage/Segment or DP	$ m V_{F}$		2.0		V	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$
Agua				2.1	2.5		$I_{\mathrm{F}} = 20 \; \mathrm{mA} \; \mathrm{Pk}$
	Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$		566		nm	
	Dominant Wavelength ^[3,5]	$\lambda_{ m d}$		571	577	nm	
	Reverse Voltage/Segment or DP ^[4]	$V_{\rm R}$	3.0	30		V	$I_R = 100 \text{ mA}$
	Temperature Coefficient of V _F /Segment or DP	ΔV_F /°C		-2		mV/°C	
	Thermal Resistance LED Junction-to-Pin	$R\theta_{ ext{J-PIN}}$		200		°C/W	

- 1. Device case temperature is 25° C prior to the intensity measurement. 2. The digits are categorized for luminous intensity. The intensity category is designated by a letter on the side of the package. 3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and is the single wavelength which defines the color of the
- 4. Typical specification for reference only. Do not exceed absolute maximum ratings.
 5. The yellow (HDSP-A800) and Green (HDSP-A900) displays are categorized for dominant wavelength. The category is designated by a number adjacent to the luminous intensity category letter. 3-39

AlGaAs Red



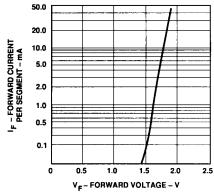


Figure 1. Maximum Allowable Average or DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

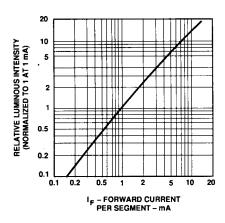


Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current.

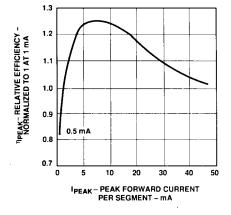
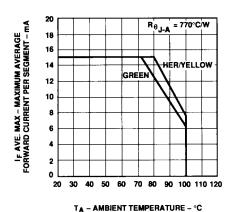


Figure 4. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak Current.

HER, Yellow, Green



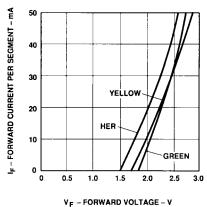
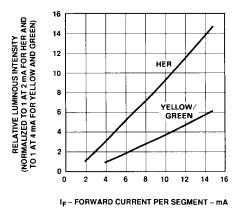


Figure 5. Maximum Allowable Average or DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature.

Figure 6. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.



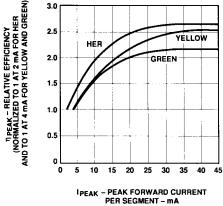


Figure 7. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current.

Figure 8. Relative Efficiency (Luminous Intensity per Unit Current) vs. Peak Current.

Electrical/Optical

For more information on electrical/optical characteristics, please see Application Note 1005.

Contrast Enhancement

For information on contrast enhancement please see Application Note 1015.

Soldering/Cleaning

Cleaning agents from the ketone family (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, etc.) and from the chorinated hydrocarbon family (methylene chloride, trichloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride, etc.) are not recommended for cleaning LED parts. All of these various solvents attack or dissolve the encapsulating epoxies used to form the package of plastic LED parts.

For information on soldering LEDs please refer to Application Note 1027.