

## UM1727 User manual

# Getting started with STM32 Nucleo board software development tools

### Introduction

The STM32 Nucleo board (NUCLEO-F030R8, NUCLEO-F072RB, NUCLEO-F103RB, NUCLEO-F302R8, NUCLEO-F401RE, NUCLEO-L152RE) is a low-cost and easy-to-use development platform used to quickly evaluate and start a development with an STM32 microcontroller in LQFP64 package.

This document describes the software environment and development recommendations required to build an application around the STM32 Nucleo board. It provides guidelines to beginners on how to build and run a sample application and allows them to create and build their own application. It has the following structure:

- The first chapter presents software and hardware requirements (some toolchains supporting the STM32 families, ST-LINK/V2 installation and firmware package presentation).
- The second chapter provides step by step guideline on how to execute and debug an application example using some toolchains: IAR Embedded Workbench<sup>®</sup> for ARM<sup>®</sup> (EWARM) by IAR systems<sup>®</sup> Microcontroller Development Kit for ARM<sup>®</sup> (MDK-ARM) by Keil<sup>®</sup> TrueSTUDIO<sup>®</sup> by Atollic<sup>®</sup>.

Although this manual cannot cover all the topics relevant to software development environments, it demonstrates the first basic steps necessary to get started with the compilers/debuggers and offers links to the documents needed to fully understand every single step.



Figure 1. Nucleo development tools

Contents UM1727

# **Contents**

1	Syst	m requirements	5
2	IDEs	supporting STM32 Families	6
3	ST-L	NK/V2 installation	7
4	Firm	vare package	8
	4.1	Executing and debugging firmware using software toolchains	8
		4.1.1 EWARM toolchain	8
		4.1.2 MDK-ARM toolchain	2
		4.1.3 TrueSTUDIO toolchain	4
	4.2	Software toolchain helpful references and web sites	8
5	Revi	ion history	9



UM1727 List of tables

# List of tables

Table 1.	Nucleo board general information	6
Table 2.	References and web sites	18
Table 3.	Document revision history	19



List of figures UM1727

# List of figures

Figure 1.	Nucleo development tools	1
Figure 2.	Hardware environment	5
Figure 3.	Package contents	8
Figure 4.	IAR Embedded Workbench IDE	9
Figure 5.	EWARM project successfully compiled	. 10
Figure 6.	Download and Debug button	. 10
Figure 7.	IAR Embedded Workbench debugger screen	. 11
Figure 8.	Go button	. 11
Figure 9.	μvision4 IDE	. 12
Figure 10.	MDK-ARM project successfully compiled	. 12
Figure 11.	Start/Stop Debug Session button	. 13
Figure 12.	MDK-ARM debugger screen	. 13
Figure 13.	Run button	. 13
Figure 14.	TrueSTUDIO workspace launcher dialog box	. 14
Figure 15.	Atollic TrueSTUDIO® import source select dialog box	. 15
Figure 16.	Atollic TrueSTUDIO® import projects dialog box	. 16
Figure 17.	TrueSTUDIO® project successfully compiled	. 16
Figure 18	TrueSTUDIO debug window	17



## 1 System requirements

Before running your application, you should:

- 1. Install your preferred Integrated Development Environment (IDE).
- 2. Install the ST-LINK\V2 driver from the ST web site. The ST-LINK/V2 driver is installed automatically. In case of problem, you can install manually the driver from toolchains install directory (further details available at Section 3).
- 3. Download the STM32 Nucleo firmware from www.st.com/stm32nucleo.
- 4. Establish the connection with the STM32 Nucleo board by connecting CN1 of the Nucleo board to the USB port of the PC.

The above steps will be details in the coming sections.



Figure 2. Hardware environment

To run and develop any firmware application on an STM32 Nucleo board, the minimum requirements are as follows:

- Windows PC (XP, Vista, 7, 8)
- 'USB type A to Mini-B' cable, used to power the board (through USB connector CN1) from host PC and connect to the embedded ST-LINK/V2 for debugging and programming.



## 2 IDEs supporting STM32 Families

STMicroelectronics STM32 families of 32-bit ARM<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M core-based microcontrollers are supported by a complete range of software tools. It encompasses traditional integrated development environment IDEs with C/C++ compilers and debuggers from major third-parties (free versions up to 64KB of code, depending on partner), completed with innovative tools from STMicroelectronics.

*Table 1* displays general information about Nucleo boards available for the following STM32 devices as well as some integrated development environments.

	Table 1. Nacios board general information					
Order code	Targeted MCU	Toolchains supporting all Nucleos				
NUCLEO-F030R8	STM32F030R8T6	EWARM v7.10.3 and later (1)				
NUCLEO-F072RB	STM32F072RBT6	- 30-day evaluation edition				
NUCLEO-F103RB	STM32F103RBT6	- 32 KB Limited QuickStart edition(16KB Limitation for Cortex M0)  MDK-ARM v5.01 and later (1)(2)				
NUCLEO-F302R8	STM32F302R8T6	- MDK-Lite (32KB Code size limitation)				
NUCLEO-F401RE	STM32F401RET6	TrueSTUDIO v5 and later (1)				
NUCLEO-L152RE	STM32L152RET6	- 32 KB Limitation (8KB for Cortex-M0)				

Table 1. Nucleo board general information



<sup>1.</sup> Registration before download is required.

<sup>2.</sup> The device support pack is separate from MDK-ARM releases.

UM1727 ST-LINK/V2 installation

### 3 ST-LINK/V2 installation

STM32 Nucleo board includes an ST-LINK/V2 embedded debug tool interface. The interface needs an ST-Link/V2 dedicated USB driver to be installed. This driver is available at ST web site at www.st.com ST-LINK\V2 and supported within software toolchains:

• IAR Embedded Workbench® for ARM® (EWARM)

The toolchain is installed by default in the C:\Program Files\IAR Systems\Embedded Workbench x.x directory on the PC's local hard disk.

After installing EWARM, install the ST-LINK/V2 driver by running the ST-Link\_V2\_USB.exe from [IAR\_INSTALL\_DIRECTORY]\Embedded Workbench x.x\arm\drivers\ST-Link \ST-Link V2 USBdriver.exe

• RealView Microcontroller Development Kit (MDK-ARM) toolchain

The toolchain is installed by default in the C:\Keil directory on the PC's local hard disk; the installer creates a start menu µVision4 shortcut.

When connecting the ST-LINK/V2 tool, the PC detects new hardware and requires to install the ST-LINK\_V2\_USB driver. The "Found New Hardware wizard" appears and guides you through the steps needed to install the driver from the recommended location.

Atollic<sup>®</sup> TrueSTUDIO<sup>®</sup> STM32

The toolchain is installed by default in the C:\Program Files\Atollic directory on the PC's local hard disk.

The ST-Link\_V2\_USB.exe file is automatically installed when installing the software toolchain.

Complementary information on the firmware package content and the STM32 Nucleo requirements is available on the Getting started with STM32 Firmware.

Note: The embedded ST-LINK/V2 only supports SWD interface for STM32 devices.

## 4 Firmware package

The STM32 Nucleo firmware applications, demonstration and IP examples are provided in one single package and supplied in one single zip file. The extraction of the zip file generates one folder, STM32 Nucleo\_FW\_VX.Y.Z, which contains the following subfolders (see *Figure 3*).

STM32\_Nucleo\_FW\_V X.Y.Z \_htmresc Projects ■ NUCLEO-F030R8 Demonstration ■ IO\_Toggle EWARM MDK-ARM Example project D I TrueSTUDIO ▶ IWDG\_Reset ▶ ■ PWR\_CurrentConsumption ■ Implate EWARM Template project MDK-ARM DIN TrueSTUDIO I TIM PWMInput NUCLEO-F103RB ▶ MUCLEO-L152RE D Itilities □

Figure 3. Package contents

- Template project is a pre-configured project with empty main function to be customized by the user. This is helpful to start creating your own application based on the peripherals drivers.
- Example project includes toolchain projects for each peripheral example ready to be run.

# 4.1 Executing and debugging firmware using software toolchains

#### 4.1.1 EWARM toolchain

The following procedure explains how to compile/link and execute an existing EWARM project.

The steps below can be applied to an already existing example, demonstration or template project available from STM32\_Nucleo\_FW\_VX.Y.Z firmware at www.st.com web site.

First of all, you need to go through the firmware/readme.txt file which contains the firmware description and hardware/software requirements.

577

 Open IAR Embedded Workbench<sup>®</sup> for ARM<sup>®</sup> (EWARM). Figure 4 shows the basic names of the windows referred to in this document:

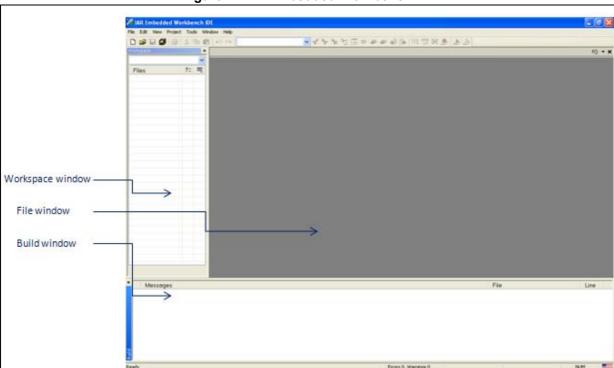
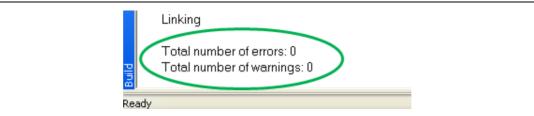


Figure 4. IAR Embedded Workbench IDE

- In the File menu, select Open and click Workspace to display the Open Workspace dialog box. Browse to select either an example or demonstration or template workspace file and click Open to launch it in the Project window.
- 3. In the **Project** menu, select **Rebuild All** to compile your project.
- 4. If your project is successfully compiled, *Figure 5* is displayed.

Figure 5. EWARM project successfully compiled



If you need to change the project settings (Include and preprocessor defines), go through the following project options:

- For Include directories:
  - Project>Options...>C/C++ compiler>
- For pre-processor defines:
  - Project>Options...C/C++ compiler>pre-processor>
- 5. In IAR Embedded Workbench IDE, from the **Project** menu, select **Download and Debug** or, alternatively, click the **Download and Debug** button in the toolbar, to program the Flash memory and start debugging.

Figure 6. Download and Debug button



6. The debugger in IAR Embedded Workbench<sup>®</sup> can be used to debug source code at C and assembly levels, set breakpoints, monitor individual variables and watch events during the code execution.

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File Edit View Project Debug Disassembly ST-LINK Tools Window Help 5 1 5 2 5 3 3 3 X ▼ ★ Disassembly × IO\_Toggle Go to uint8 t BlinkSpeed = 0; /\* Private function prototypes Files 8: Bi Disassembly RCC\_ClocksTypeDef RCC\_Clocks; □ 🗊 IO\_Toggle ... 🗸 0x8000614: 0xf /\* Private functions -----??DataTable1\_4: –⊞ 🗀 STM32\_N... 0x8000618: 0xf —⊞ 🗀 STM32F0x... \* @brief Main program ??DataTable1\_5: –⊞ 🗀 User \* @param None 0x800061c: 0xf └─⊞ 🗀 Output \* @retval None ??DataTable1\_6: 0x8000620: 0x4 main(void) ??DataTable1\_7: 日 { 0x8000624: 0xf /\*!< At this stage the microcontroller clock setting is a this is done through SystemInit() function which is  $\epsilon$ int main(void) file (startup stm32f030.s) before to branch to applic main To reconfigure the default setting of SystemInit() for sustem stm32f0vv c file IO\_Toggle 4 m Messages Building configuration: IO\_Toggle - IO\_Toggle Updating build tree.. Configuration is up-to-date. Debug Log Build × Ready Errors 0, Warnings 0

Figure 7. IAR Embedded Workbench debugger screen

To run your application from the **Debug** menu, select **Go**. Alternatively, click the **Go** button in the toolbar to run your application.

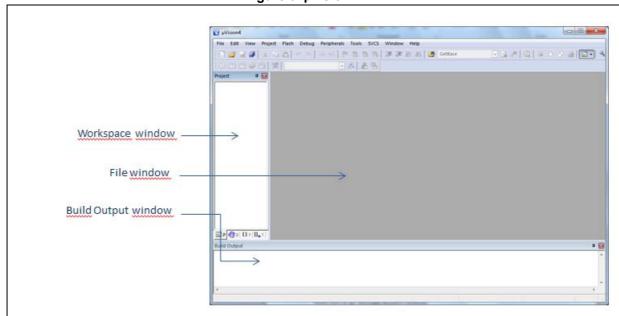


Figure 8. Go button

#### 4.1.2 MDK-ARM toolchain

1. Open Keil MDK-ARM Microcontroller Kit. *Figure 9* shows the basic names of the "Keil µvision4" windows referred to in this document.

Figure 9. µvision4 IDE



- 2. In the **Project** menu, select **Open Project...** Browse to select either an example or demonstration or template project file and click **Open** to launch it in the Project window.
- 3. In the **Project** menu, select **Rebuild All target files** to compile your project.
- 4. If your project is successfully compiled, the following window is displayed:

Figure 10. MDK-ARM project successfully compiled

```
Build Cutput

Build target 'IO_Toggle'
linking...

Program Size: Code=1616 RO-data=232 RW-data=32 ZI-data=1064
".\IO_Toggle\IO_Toggle.axf" - 0 Error(s), 0 Warning(s).
```

If you need to change your project settings (Include and preprocessor defines), go through the project options:

- For Include directories:
  - **Project>Options for Target > C/C++ > Include Paths**
- For pre-processor defines:
  - Project>Options for Target > C/C++ > Preprocessor symbols > Define
- 5. In MDK-ARM IDE, from the **Debug** menu, select **Start/Stop Debug Session** or, alternatively, click the **Start/Stop Debug Session** button in the toolbar, to program the Flash memory and start debugging.

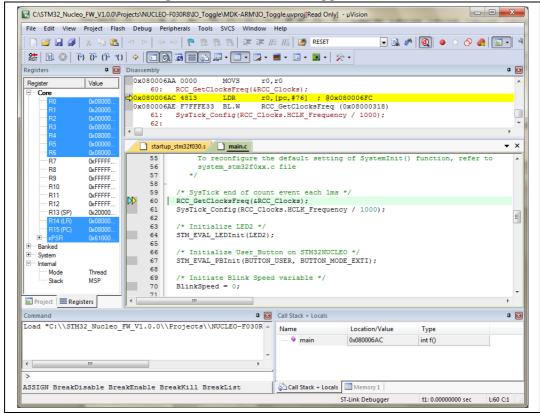
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Figure 11. Start/Stop Debug Session button



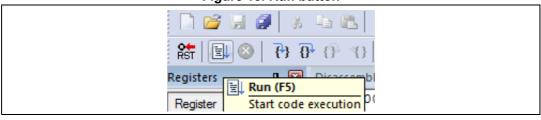
6. The debugger in the MDK-ARM can be used to debug source code at C and assembly levels, set breakpoints, monitor individual variables and watch events during the code execution.

Figure 12. MDK-ARM debugger screen



To run your application from the **Debug menu**, select **Run**. Alternatively, click the **Run** button in the toolbar to run your application.

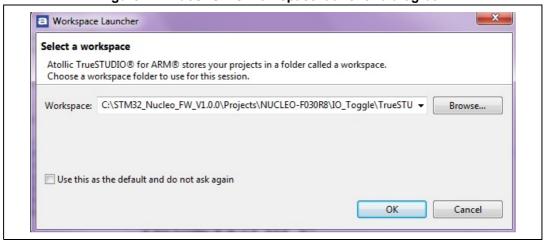
Figure 13. Run button



#### 4.1.3 TrueSTUDIO toolchain

1. Open Atollic TrueSTUDIO<sup>®</sup> for ARM<sup>®</sup> product. The program launches and requires the Workspace location.

Figure 14. TrueSTUDIO workspace launcher dialog box



- 2. Browse to select a TrueSTUDIO workspace of either an example or demonstration or template workspace file and click **OK** to load it.
- 3. To load an existing project in the selected workspace, select **Import** from the **File** menu to display the **Import** dialog box.
- In the Import window, open General, select Existing Projects into Workspace and click Next.

5//

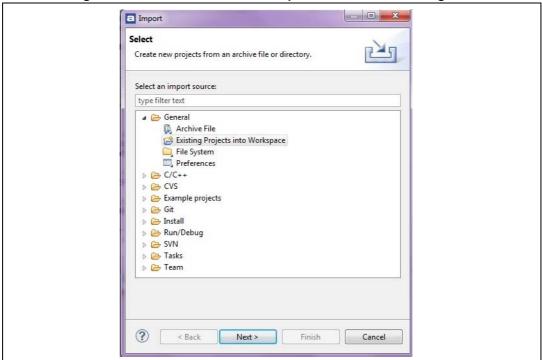


Figure 15. Atollic TrueSTUDIO® import source select dialog box

5. Click **Select** root directory and browse to the TrueSTUDIO workspace folder.

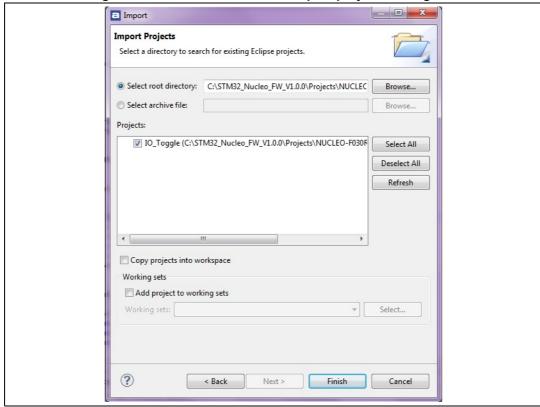


Figure 16. Atollic TrueSTUDIO® import projects dialog box

- 6. In the **Projects** panel, select the project and click **Finish**.
- 7. In the **Project Explorer**, select the project, open the **Project** menu, and click **Build Project**.
- 8. If your project is successfully compiled, the following messages will be displayed on the Console window.

Figure 17. TrueSTUDIO® project successfully compiled

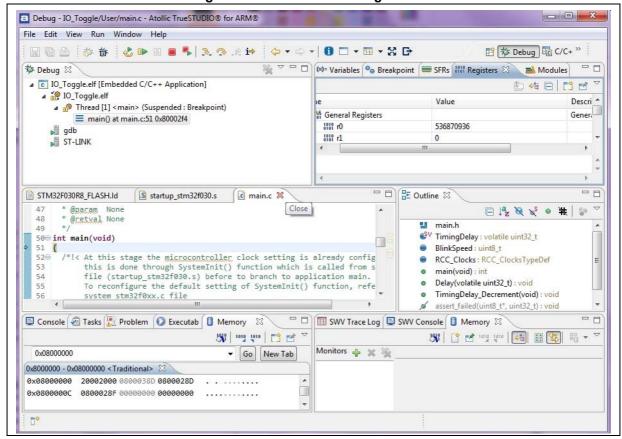


577

If you need to change the project settings (Include directories and preprocessor defines), go through Project>Properties and select C/C++ Build>Settings from the left panel:

- For Include directories:
  - C Compiler>Directories>Include path
- For pre-processor defines:
  - C Compiler>Symbols> Defined symbols
- 9. To debug and run the application, select the project In the **Project Explorer** and press **F11** to start a debug session.

Figure 18. TrueSTUDIO debug window



The debugger in the Atollic TrueSTUDIO can be used to debug source code at C and assembly levels, set breakpoints, monitor individual variables and watch events during the code execution.

To run your application, from the **Run** menu, select **Resume**, or alternatively click the **Resume** button in the toolbar.

## 4.2 Software toolchain helpful references and web sites

*Table 2* gives useful references about the integrated development environments described in this document.

Table 2. References and web sites

Toolchain	Web sites
EWARM	www.iar.com
MDK-ARM	www.keil.com
TrueSTUDIO	www.atollic.com

UM1727 Revision history

# 5 Revision history

Table 3. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
19-May-2014	1	Initial release

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